knox, and Lafayette, Admiral Ternay, Gen.

The Philadelphia Troop.

Pugh and G. L. Fisher, trumpeters.

A CENTURY OF PATRIOTISM.

the first to tender its services to the government.

As a company the troop participated in the

three months' service, and in the Gettysburg

campaign, besides giving to the general service

sixty-eight officers, ranking from majors to cap-

tains. In March, 1873, the troop attended the

second inauguration of Gen. Grant. The troop

Harry Williamson, Lieut. Tom C. Brown, Adju-

tant Thomas W. Chase, Quartesmaster Emerson A. Gould, Commissary William R. Sharpe, Pay-master Elisha R. Potter, Surgeon W. Shaw Bowen, Chaplain William L. Burdick, Ordnance

Sergeant William F. Ellis, First Corporal Charles

A. Piace, Second Corporal Thomas B. Seamans, Third Corporal Moses E. Shipper, Fourth Corpo-ral Charles M. Crandall, Color Corporal Henry

Priates.-Charles W. Branch, Edward Butter

Joseph W. Vaughn, George A. White, James E.

pompon, small end up, yellow metal ornament

breast of the coat reverses, and when buttoned

subject only to the orders of the governor.

First Lieutenant, Henry B. Schroeder.

Second Lieutenant, August H. Fisher.

Sergeants-I. H. Haris, A. Tamsberg, jr.

The uniform of the company was very effective. The coat was dark blue cloth trimmed

with red and gold. The pants were blue with red stripes, regulation kepi.

This company formed one of the notable teat-

had the following men in line:

Captain, Henry Schachte.

The German Fusiliers.

Weeden.

has a large membership.

1884.

coutrements.

CHIPS FROM THE SHAFT. Incidents and Notes Concerning the Great Monument.

THE WORK COMPLETED WITHOUT ANY SERIOUS ACCIDENT-THE FASCINATION OF HIGH PLACES FOR SUICIDES-A CAT THAT LEAPED

FROM THE TOP. &C. A most remarkable circumstance connected there was no accident involving loss of life, botwithstanding the perilous heights to which the workmen had to ascend. Only one acci- We were all merry and full of life. When we dent happened, and that was near the base of the shaft. A workman slipped and broke his arm. As the shaft was carried upwards, a strong netting extending out several feet from the wall was kept around the obelisk, and shifted from height to height as the work progressed, so as to be always on the level of the George Gideon, who was one of the jolliest men

height of 250 feet, one morning when the workmen ascended the elevator they were surprised to find a cat at the top. The animal was startled at their approach and jumped upon the wal lof the monument. One of the men went toward it, and the cat, seeing no way of escape, jumped over the side to the ground. Instead of being smashed to atoms, as the workmen of being smashed to atoms, as the workmen although the cricket club that played there, and I used to shoot plover there too." expected, upon reaching the ground, although evidently a little stunned, it got up and started to run away, when the watchman's dog caught sight of it and, seizing the cat by the neck, killed it. It was afterwards found that the animal had belonged to Mrs. R. E. Brown, of South Washington, who had missed it for about a

CONSTERNATION CAUSED BY SPIDERS. One morning, at about the time when those in charge of the work were most anxious about its success, the plummet, which measured deflections in the monument, was found swung far to one side. Consternation among the workmen followed, and the monument was thought to be doomed. When Col. Casey arrived on the ground he made inquiries about the other line, and learning that it showed no unusual movement he knew that everything was all right. An examination was at once made to find out the cause of the unaccountable movement of the plummet, and it was found that during the night spiders had built their web from the line to the box-casing, and thus drawn the line out of a perpendicular. At another time the other lummet showed a similar irregularity, and at the top an owl was found quietly perching upon the line. It was captured and kept alive for some time. After its death it was stuffed and presented to Mrs. Hayes, and it now probably dorns the Hayes home at Fremont, Ohio.

MR. M'LAUGHLIN'S STRANGE FINDS. A strange thing happened to Superintendent McLaughlin soon after he took charge of the monument, which will confirm the faith of people who believe in signs. While crossing the grounds his foot loosened a silver three-cent piece. Nine days afterward he found in the Same way another silver three-cent piece with the Roman numerals "III." With exactly the

paper declared his purpose of distinguishing himself by leaping from the monument and the expense of his life if necessary. He projust before reaching the ground. This feat he wanted to perform on the day the monument was dedicated. Persons entrusted with the care of high places, accessible to the public, all have stories to tell of the fascination which dizzy heights have for suicides. Even persons of well-balanced minds feel an almost irresistible desire to throw themselves from such places. If the fascination increases in propor-tion to the height of these places the Washington monument will be a great attraction for suicides. To throw themselves from the monument a person would have to clamber out through the peep holes, which will be open during the hours when visitors are admitted to the top. These peep holes cannot be barred or grated on the inside, because the marble closures have to swing down in them. It is deemed undesirable to place gratings on the outside as they would disfigure the face of the monument. The watchman who will be considered to the monument. monument. The watchman who will be employed at the top to keep persons from writing their names all over the marble will have to keep up a sharp lookout for cranks.

SOUVENIRS. The city has been flooded with souvenirs of the monument. It is estimated that there are enough chips from the capstone offered for sale around the city to build another monument. The block from which the capstone was cut was of so wonderful a size, apparently, that the supply of chips from it is inexhaustible. These chips are usually adorned with a little painting representing the monument, or scenes at Mount Vernon. Another form of souvenir is a medal or pin made of aluminium, the metal of which the apex of the monument is composed. Some gentlemen in the city possess pieces of the corner-stone, knocked off when that stone was laid. When the foundation was undermined a few years ago the corner-stone was exposed and a few chips were then knocked off it, and now form highly prized souvenirs.

ACRES OF STONES AND OCEANS OF CEMENT. About 14,000 barrels of Portland cement were used in the new foundation and shaft. In constructing the new portion of the shaft 9,613 stones were laid.

## MEN WHO WERE THERE. Recollections of the Corner-Stone Ceremonies in 1848. DR. MORGAN GIVES SOME PERSONAL REMINIS-

CENCES-HOW THE CITY LOOKED IN 1848-TALKS WITH MR. A. S. H. WHITE, GEN. P. F. BACON, MR. JOSEPH H. BRADLEY AND OTHERS.

"The laying of the corner-stone of the Washington monument was as great an event in those days as is the inauguration of the President now," said Dr. James E. Morgan who repute the societies, looked well. There were no such "The laying of the corner-stone of the Washdent now," said Dr. James E. Morgan, who represents one of the old families of Washington, and of Maryland before Washington was, and | in the center, and there was much dust. When who was one of the marshals on the occasion of the laying of the first stone of the great structure that was dedicated to the father of the country to-day. "The population was not as large then as it is now, but it was enthusiastic. It was not too large for the people all to know each other. The event was talked of for weeks-for missed. The fire companies were entertained months before the ceremony took place. Every- by the corporation, which made a special approbody-men, women and children, black and white-were talking of it. George Watterson, who was then the secretary, (Carroll Brent was his successor) wrote the thing up; the papers were full of it; it was a great national affair. You may know how widespread the interest snow is not removed promptly from the side was when Caprn with his cavalry rode in from walks fronting on the Smithsonian grounds. near Baltimore and Tucks and his men from way

An imperative ordinance compels individuals duties of patriotic citizens in times of national up in Charles county. They rode all the way in on horseback and got in the night before. The people were all very patriotic then. It was not those bordering on 7th street, are 3 or 4 inches long after the Mexican war, and officers who higher than the pavement, which is flagged had won fame in that took part in the ceremony with large blocks of stones of very uneven surwith a great deal of zeal. Then, too, there were some old revolutionary veterans with a great deal of zeal and dinner, on the occasion the sidewalk adjacent to the 7th street pavement, forms a trough for the water still alive. The city marketmaster was a drained from the Smithsonian grounds, to rerevolutionary soldier, John Waters, and old main there for weeks after a snow fall. During bridge on account of wounds received in the track, but at hight they are compened to wounds through—unless the temperature runs low— Revolution, Everybody knew old Wells. The when the water is suddenly turned to smooth several of its commanders and subaltern offiwomen, too, were enthusiastic, and the best ice, thereby causing great danger to limb and ladies in the land were present at the ceremony. I'll never forget how proud and magnificent Mrs. Madison looked; she was grand and stately, always wore a turban. She and Mrs. Hamilton rode together on that occasion. It was a great

"The city was very different then from what it is now. There was no fashionable 'West End' then. All the fashion was south; the best society was in South Washington-all along 12th street, Maryland avenue, and all around that direction. The Van Ness place, just northeast of the monument, was then occupied: I think Mr. Green, who married into the Van Ness family, lived there. I am not quite sure whether old Burns was living in his odd little house there then or not. Major Howle lived on 14th street, just facing the White Lot; Col. W. B. Randolph lived on Maryland avenue; W. A. Bradley lived at the corner of 7th street and Maryland avenue, and Ignatius Mudd, commissioner of public buildings, and Matchin—I think he was secretary to the Senate—lived near there. All the fine buildings were down n that part of the city, and it was cut off from the avenue by the old canal. The avenue—that is, Pennsylvania avenue—was all built up then as it is now, only the buildings were all little two-story gabled-roof buildings, with attics and wine cellars. Some of them were frame, but the little low buildings with attics and wine cellars were the style then. All along south o the avenue, about 11th and 12th streets, was very fashionable. Carusi's Saloon [now the Comique] was the great resort then; all the big dinners and balls were given there. As I've said, the 'West End' wain't anything then; and back of Corcoran's could be bought for ten and fifteen cents a foot. "But, to return to the cornerstone. When the procession marched down the avenue there were crowds and crowds of people all along the line, cheering. The street was then macadamized, and we had to cross the bridge at 12th street to get to the monument lot—all very different from what it is now.

rent from what it is now.

The feature of the occasion was the fireworks

at night. No expense was spared to make them perfect, and they were really beautiful. Every-body in the city was assembled to see the display, which lasted for probably two hours."

WHAT MR. A. S. H. WHITE REMEMBERS. "It was a hot, dusty day," said A. S. H. White, one of the marshals in 1848, speaking to a STAR reporter of the day when the corner stone of the Washington monument was laid. "Crowds were strung along the Avenue as we with the construction of the monument is that | marched by; there was not much shade from the 4th of July sun, and the dust from the mac-adamized street was very heavy, but it was a beautiful display—one of the finest I ever saw. gressed, so as to be always on the level of the platform where the workmen were engaged. On several occasions workmen fell into this netting. Once a young lady visitor in a spirit of bravado threw herself into the netting, an experiment which not even the workmen had experiment whi trouble afterwards. All through the Smith-

> HON. HORATIO KING'S RECOLLECTIONS. Hon. Horatio King, a member of the Monument association and a resident of this city for many years, when asked by a STAR reporter for his recollections of the events connected with the laying of the corner-stone, said: "I really have no distinct recollection of anything very remarkable at the laying of the corner-stone of the monument. The day was fine, and the streets and windows along the line of march were alive with spectators intent on witness-Society, and a grand military escort, under the command of the gray-haired veteran, Gen. Quitman, then recently from the Mexican war, covered with jaurels and the observed of all observers.' Hat it's less noted were his lieu-tenants, Gen. Cadwalader and Col. May, of the dragoons, whose Mezican fame and superb bearing made him an object of special attention. There was a vast crowd at the site of the monument, to hear Mr. Winthrop's oration, and I do not remember ever to have seen an audience more stirred by patriotic feeling, or more com-pletely carried away by the eloquence of a speaker than on this occasion. The Masonic ceremonies were solemn and impressive, and he Grand Master, Major Benjamin B. French, probably never made a better address than he pronounced as part of these ceremonies. The presence of those venerable ladies, Mrs. Madison and the widow of Alexander Hamilton, added not a little to the interest of the celebration. There were fireworks in the evening when President Polk held a brilliant reception at the White House.'

THE SURVIVING MARSHALS. There were over seventy aids and assistant enjoying the exhilaration of a 500 foot fall at | marshals under Mr. Bradley when the cornerstone was laid, and of this number the following posed to take a parachute with him to open are now living: Benj. E. Green, J. H. McBlair, Lem. Towers, A. S. H. White, Frank Burch, A. H. Clements, W. W. Davis, Dr. J. E. Morgan, R. Simms, J. H. Semmes, James Scott, Reuben B. Clarke, Fenwick Young, J. W. Martin, T. W. Riley, Wm. Brown, Isaac Hall, J. B. H. Smith, John Pettibone, R. Ray, Charles E. Ball and A. E. L. Keese.

THE GERMAN DIVISION. Mr. A. E. L. Keese was the marshal of the German division, having charge of the German societies, among them the German Benevolent association, of this city. He states that, considering the number of Germans in the city, they showed their patriotism by turning out well, and there were perhaps 300 in line. He has yet his badge, saddle cloth, gloves, &c., and used them to-day as marshal. His society donated \$20 to the monument, but upon the advice of Mr. W. W. Dougherty, superintendent of the work, they had a memorial stone prepared and it was placed in the walls long ago. He remem-bers that the day was a very fine one overhead, but there had been a rain, and it was a little

RECOLLECTIONS OF AN ODD FELLOW. Dr. R. Finley Hunt, who was at the time the corner-stone was laid quite a young man and an active Odd Fellow, states that the Odd Fellows and the marshal for the order was Mr. W. F.
Bayley, at that time a leading stationer, that there were several banners in the line, and the show made was a very fine one, all wearing appropriate regalia. There were at that time about a dozen Odd Fellows' lodges in the Dis-CHIEF MARSHAL BRADLEY'S RECOLLECTIONS.

Mr. Joseph H. Bradley, who served as the chief marshal of the procession in 1848, remarked to a STAR reporter that he is quite sure the procession that day was the largest general procession which had ever taken place here; and he recalls the fact that the procession assembled near the City Hall; that when the start was made the various divisions were ready to fall in their proper places, and there was no interrup-tion on the line of march. Only once did any portion of the line halt, and that was because the bridge over which the procession passed was narrower than the street. Mr. Bradley renembers with pleasure the creditable display made and the attention paid. Gen. Quitman, who commanded the military division in which were several visiting companies, the dashing Col. Charles May, commanding the cavalry, and Gen. Cadwallader, who, with others, had but a short time before returned from Mexico, streets and avenues to march over then as we have now. The avenue then was macadamized the procession reached the grounds so great was the crowd that it was impossible for many to get within hearing of the proceedings at the the right rested in front of Willard's, and it was there reviewed by President Polk and dispriation for the purpose.

### What is Needed at the Smithsonian Grounds.

To the Editor of THE EVENING STAR: to have it done.

The grounds of the Smithsonian, especially Wells was appointed keeper of the Long the day the pedestrians frequently take the car

> fectly drained at present, but it can be accomplish with a comparatively small cost, if the proper authorities could be engaged on this sub-These grounds—otherwise the largest and most beautiful park in the city, and which con-nect the residents of South Washington with the very center of the city-if they were improved, would bestow a blessing on thousands of residents of South Washington.

The Smithsonian grounds are very imper-

# AT THE CAPITOL TO-DAY.

The Senate. The Senate met at one o'clock to-day, and after several executive communications had been referred, resumed consideration of the post office appropriation bill.

Capitol Topics.

CHEAP POSTAGE. The Senate yesterday afternoon took up the post office appropriation bill. The Senate committee's amendment, to strike out the House provision that letters shall be charged at the rate of two cents an ounce for half an ounce, and that drop letters (where there is no free delivery) shall be charged only one cent an ounce, was disagreed to by a vote of 18 to 33. The committee's recommendation to strike out the clause fixing the rate on newspapers in bulk to regular subscribers at one cent per pound, but for sample copies one cent for four ounces, was not acted upon. The committee recommended the striking out of this provision on the ground that it was new legislation, but admitted that they considered it wise legislation. The indications are that when the newspaper clause is reached it will also be retained in the bill.

NOTES. The Senate yesterday passed the agricultural

THE OLD CONTINENTALS.

Ancient Military Organizations in the Line To-Day. ONE OF THE FEATURES OF THE DAY'S PROCES-SION-THE ANCIENT AND HONORABLE ARTIL-

LERY OF BOSTON, THE CHARLESTON FUSILEERS AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS WITH LONG One of the most interesting and distinctive features of to-day's procession was the presence in the line of the old-time organization whose early history is linked with that of the revolu-

tionary struggle of the first years of the republic. The Ancient and Honorable Artillery. The Ancient and Honorable Artillery company, of Boston, occupied the post of honor in the first division, and their varied uniforms and historic name made them objects of general attention. There were over two hundred men in ine, as follows: Commissioned Officers. - Captain, Augustus

Whittemore; first lieutenant, Lieut. Col. E. B. Blasland; second lieutenant, Lieut. G. H. Gibson; adjutant, First Lieut. J. P. Frost. Commissioned Staff. - Surgeon, Lieut. John Sullivan; quartermaster, Serg. G. P. May; pay-master, ———; assistant surgeon, Lieut. Thos. Restieaux, jr.; assistant paymaster, Lieut. G. H. Allen; chaplain, Rev. A. H. Quint. Non-Commissioned Staff. — Sergeant major, Lieut. F. W. W. Lieut. Lieut. E. E. Wells; quartermaster sergeant, J. H. Peake; hospital steward, A. S. Dinsmore; commissionary sergeant, F. J. Hutchinson; color sergeant, Sergeant W. F. Bacon; color sergeant, Sergeant H. B. Emerson; band guide, William C. Pfaff; Capt. G. O. Noyes and Private Edwin Warner, markers; Capt. G. F. Hall and Sergeant Warner, markers; Capt. G. E. Hall and Sergeant I. D. Dana, flankers; Major John McDonough, and Private S. H. Babcock, general guides. Honorary staff.—Major Charles W. Stevens chief.) Major General N. P. Banks, General S. C. Lawrence, Colonel Isaac Hall Wright, Colonel Edward Wyman, Major Ben: Perley Poore, Colonel H. T. Rockwell, Captain A. A. Folsom, Captain J. L. Stevenson, Captain John Mack, Colonel E. J. Trull, Captain John Thomas, N. S. Wilbur.

Wilbur. Sergeants of infantry.—Brigadier General J. N. Patterson, Captain H. F. Wade, Captain G. A. Keeler, Lieutenant W. H. Jones, Captain W. H. Cundy, Colonel Henry Walker. Sergeants of artillery. Sergeant Thomas Sav-

age, Sergeant S. M. Hedges, Sergeant E.E. Snow, Sergeant Abijah Thompson, Sergeant C. T. Hough, Sergeant F. H. Mudge. Privates.—John H. Ammon, Frederick E. At-teaux, Edwin Adams, Fred. H. Adams, Wilbur C. Babcock, Charles R. Brown, Lyman Boynton, Aaron B. Babcock, Jacob Bensemoil, J. H. sidered for resisting the tyranny of Great Brit-Baguley, Lyman A. Belknap, Charles B. Bar-rett, Wilder Bennett, William P. Blaney, James L. Burditt, Herbert J. Bowen, Howard J. Byrne, of correspondence who were appointed to ob-Joshua M. Cushing, Caleb Chase, H. M. Cross, tain united action from the colonies. The re-William A. Cromwell, David O. Clark, Alexander Ceppi, Thomas L. Churchill, Thomas W.
Carter, Homer M. Daggett, Oscar M. Draper,
Lorenzo M. Dyer, A. S. Drisko, John C. Dalton,
James W. Drury, Kendall H. Damon, Charles
G. Davis, Charles H. Dunham, Emmons R.
Ellis, Arthur Fuller, Jacob Fottler, Edwin R.
Frost William H. Eard Moses J. Gradinski Frost, William H. Ford, Moses J. Grodjinski, Charles H. Glover, Melville C. Grant, Nathaniel Grant, Robert S. Gray, Henry H. Gilmore, John Galvin, Charles C. Goodwin, Elbridge H. Groffman New York and Long Island, re-W. Spauding, Walter S. Sampson, James Binney Smith, Wm. J. Smith, Chas. E. Smith, D. H. Smith, Franklin Smith, Rolla N. Start, Henry Stumcke, N. A. Snell, Isaac A. Sylvester, Frederick J. Sampson, Albert H. Stearns, Edgar G. Scripture, Edward Sullivan, S. Vinton Stillings, Geo. B. Spaulding, Henry E. Smith, Thomas G. Sandland, J. Henry Taylor, John Thomas, Ferdinand M. Trifet, Wm. Tyner, Chas. A. Trumbull, Thos. F. Temple, Jas. W. Vose, J. W. Wolcott, Albert Webster, Sam'l W. Willington Charles of the Sandland on other public occasions, the troop bore a conspicuous part. They were called out in 1794 to aid in suppressing the whisky insurrection in the western part of the state. In 1814 the troop again took the field against England. The history of the troop from this time up to the breaking out of the civil war, is marked by the participation in the civic demonstrations, which occurred on the visits of the successive Presidence. tin C. Wellington, Fred. W. Wellington, Charles tin C. Wellington, Fred. W. Wellington, Charles dents to Philadelphia, and in aiding the suppression of local disturbances. When the Union

THE UNIFORMS. The right wing of the company is designated as infantry, and was composed of members who are, or have been, connected with other military organizations, and have, therefore, the right to wear their respective uniforms on parade. For this reason the uniforms of this wing were variegated, and a major general with his chapeau and yellow plume, walking by the side of a red coated lancer, with other striking contrasts, presented a rather peculiar spectacle. The contrasts observed in this regard were striking. The left wing of the company, designated as artillery, wore a distinctive uniform, consisting of a dark blue cloth coat, with two rows of gilt buttons in front, red piping cord around the collar, and one around the sleeves. A mounted cannon is embroidered in gold and silver upon the front of the collar. The pants correspond with the coat, and have red piping down the outside seam. The members wore white gloves and a chapeau bearing the insignia of the com-pany and a red plume. All were propany and a red piume. An ucceptation overcoat. The commander wore an antique silver gorget (a sergeants halberds. The colors were the American flag and a company color of white silk, on the obverse of which Washington is represented with the old Pine-Tree flag of revolutionary ame, and on the reverse the coat of arms of fassachusetts. The company was accompanied by the Salem Cadet band, one of the best military bands in New England, under the leadership of Mr. Jean M. Missud.

AN HONORABLE HISTORY. The Ancient and Honorable Artillery company of Massachusetts is the oldest martial organization on the American continent. It received its charter in 1638, bearing the signature of John Winthrop, the first governor of Massachusetts. Major Ben: Perley Poore, in an appreciative sketch of the company, says: "It has ever proved itself worthy of that signature. From the hour in which it was affixed to the charter there is not a vote, nor act, nor measure of the company but speak its members to have been honorable and patriotic persons. Previous to the date of the charter the colonists had formed train bands like those which had existed in England, but upon the formation of this company the leading militia officers of the colony enlisted, thus acquiring in its ranks uniformity of drill. During the Indian wars the usefulness and importance of the artillery company was appreciated by the colonists, and it is recorded that several members crossed the ocean and fought with Oliver Cromwell in the cause of English liberty. Several of the founders of the Massachusetts Artillery company had been members of a similar organization, the Honorable Artillery Company of London, which was organized a century before its American namesake. As a recognition of these ancient relations, the present captain general of the London company, the Prince of Wales, has the distinction of being one of the three honorary members of the Artillery company, the other two being President Arthur and Congressman John D. Long. The company rendered good service to the colonists during the rench and Indian wars, besides performing an important duty in being a training school for militia officers. The colonial government of Massachusetts expressed the public appreciation of such services in 1749 by exempting the property of the company from taxation, and this ing twenty miles they received another express who have not the accomplishments of their exemption has continued in force up to the present day. During the revolutionary war ton. They then returned to East Greenwich, he in the details of political science. And yet peril, and in consequence no regular meetings were held for eleven years. During the Shay rebellion in 1786, and again in 1814 when Boston was threatened with British invasion, the services of the company were called for, the annual parade and dinner, on the occasion faithfully observed, and on its fall field days the company has visited a number of cities. The presence of the company here on this occasion is considered very appropriate, cers, with many of its members, served under Washington in the Revolutionary war. Prominent among those who have been more recently n command are Brigadier Generals Cale Cushing, N. P. Banks, Henry K. Oliver, S. C. Lawrence, Robert Cowdin, and George H. Pierson. There are now about seven hundred names on the roll of the company, including a large number of the veterans of the late war. its drill-room and armory is the upper portion of Faneuil hall, in Boston. The original object of its organization, which was to provide training school for officers of the state militia. was accomplished in the times of the greatest peril to the liberties of the country, and the company now forms a link between the distant

past and the present. The Governor's Foot Guard. The Governor's Foot Guard, of Hartford, Conn., 101 strong, with a drum corps, caused many complimentary remarks. The officers and men in line were Major John C. Kinney, Capt. J. C. Pratt, Lieut. T. C. Naedsle, Lieut. J. Robt. Dwyer. Lieut. F. C. Clark, Ensign Horace G. Staff.—Paymaster C. C. Strong, Surgeon W. A. M. Wainwright, Engineer Geo. H. Folts, I. T. P. Henry Bryant, Commissary Leander Hall, Judge

Advocate E. H. Hyde, jr., Quartermaster Linus f. Fenn. Non-commissioned Staff.-Com. sergeant, A. Marwick, jr.; quartermaster sergeant, Edson Sessions; ordnance sergeant, L. N. Hillman; color sergeant, W. D. Main; hospital steward, T.

R. Shannon.

Sergeants.—Gus. J. A. Nædele, Thomas Hewitt, Theodore H. Goodrich, A. N. Hail, George Hayes, R. J. Dwyer, R. R. Pease, J. W. Hirst.

Corporals.—C. D. Nichols, F. A. West, C. W. Cooley, L. E. Rhodes, C. H. Glazier, G. M. Holland, A. C. J. Williams, E. L. Cushman.

Privates.—A. A. Allen, Wm. Anderson, C. W. Barry, J. Bennie, E. Beecher, E. L. Bidwell, D. C. Burnham, F. C. Burr, F. W. Burr, L. B. Bushnell, E. L. Bolles, A. C. Bill, F. R. Bill, W. E. Caulkins, W. H. Carter, George Crane, J. B. Clapp, J. E. Danahy, J. S. Doolittle, S. E. Doane,

Pearl, S. L. Pease, H. Prutting, W. B. Potter, W. Fred. Dean, H. E. Doty, W. S. Dwyer, H. S. Ellsworth, H. P. Fowler, H. E. Gillespie, W. H. Goodell, C. Griswold, W. H. Goldsmith, W. D. Griswold, W. N. Hartley, T. Herzer, J. A. Hale, Frank Havens, A. W. Lang, E. J. Lawler, J. C. Lewis, C. B. Leonard, S. Linton, B. M. Lincoln, G. W. McClunie, C. Mantie, G. S. Mellen, C. E. J. Pinney, E. H. Richmond, C. F. Robinson, L. W. Smith, A. Smith, C. B. Snow, F. L. Stannard, M. A. Sullivan, George R. Secor, J. R. Thompson, F. E. Thompson, John Thompson, Fred. Tuttle, J. R. Watkinson, Wm. Wheeler, G. Q. Whitney, W. F. Williams, J. E. Williams, R. H. Williams, E. S. Williams, J. E. Williams, R. H. Williamson, E. S. Wirliams.

The uniform is a showy and striking one. The coat and breeches are scarlet faced with black, with velvet leggings, and a bear skin cap. The uniform resembles that of the famous Coldstream Guards of England. the Fusiliers performed valuable service in the A SKETCH OF THE ORGANIZATION. The First Company Governor's Foot Guard, of Hartford, was organized by the general assembly of the colony of Connecticut in 1771 for the purpose of attending the governor and the general assembly upon occasions of state. Dur-ing the revolutionary war, the guard acted as an escort guard of honor for Gens. Washington,

Rochambeau, and their aids, upon the occasion of their coming to Hartford. They also escorted Lafayette when he visited this country in 1824. but three treasurers, the present treasurer, Mr. B. Bollman, having served since 1852. The Lawrence Light Guard. When Gen. Jackson visited the city the guard led the pageant in his honor. They took part in the Bunker Hill Centennial celebration in 1875. The Lawrence Light Guard, company E, fifth the centennial celebration of the surrender of Burgoyne at Saratoga, 1877; the centennial of the capture of Major Andre at Tarrytown, 1880; regiment Massachusetts volunteer militia, of Medford, Mass., represented the militia of Massachusetts in the line. The officers are: Joseph the New York evacuation day centennial, 1883, and the bi-centennial of Worcester in E. Clark, captain; John T. Coleman, first lieutenant; H. M. Smith, second lieutenant; Alfred H. Blake, orderly sergeant; Sergeant S. St. Dennis, Sergeant C. E. Whitney, Sergeant R. C. Nichols, Corporal T. F. McGuire, Corporal E. J. Willmoth, Corporal G. H. Doughty, Corporal C. P. McBriarty, Walter Folger, J. F. Rierdon, William Busteed, J. D. White, G. H. Magee, F. M. Hayden, W. F. Porter, J. E. Rierdon, G. A. Carter, J. C. Clark, A. B. Atwood, W. M. Brown, J. P. Buckman, F. C. Bailey, D. H. Clark, A. W. Clark, G. A. Clark, Benjamin Barrows, S. C. Creighton, George Cocke, E. J. Doughty, C. L. The First Troop, Philadelphia City cavalry, with their fine horses and striking uniforms, attracted marked attention in the procession. The members of the troop are prominent Philadelphia gentlemen. The officers are: Gen. Edward Burd Grubb, captain; Joseph Lapsley Wilson, first lieutenant; J. Edward Carpenter, Wilson, first lieutenant; J. Edward Carpenter, second lieutenant; Charles E. Kelly, cornet; J. William White, surgeon; John R. Fell, first sergeant; J. B. Porter, John Hoffman, R. C. Drayton, S. Cruthers, sergeants; Jas. Rawla, A. H. Hanse, E. H. McCullough, William Kelley, corporals; Thos. Biddle, H.G. Groome, J.C. Groome, M. Middleton, H. R. Hatfield, H. T. Dickert, E. P. Baugh, Jas. Lardner, O. P. Smith, Dunbar Price, J. R. Conrad, Clarence R. Lewis, E. B. Smith, B. F. Clyde, C. T. Cresswell, H. W. Edwards, W. R. White, R. Tobin, privates; Ellis Pugh and G. L. Flsher, trumpeters. Creighton, George Cocke, E. J. Doughty, C. L. Emerson, W.W.Gordon, R. Ellis, F. C. Goodrich, Emerson, W.W.Gordon, R. Ellis, F. C. Goodrich, M. H. Higgins, W. H. Hutchinson, W. H. Keay, A. A. Lauriat, W. Lamont, William Magner, William Miere, Arthur Nelson, F. L. Pratt, C. A. Perkins, William Robes, H. A. Symonds, J. N. Wescott, Riedon Walter, L. S. Hemson, C. S. Hawkes, N. A. Johnson, A. R. Kerr, G. H. Lenox, J. J. Mahoney, T. H. McGillicuddy, W. J. McGowen, Harry J. Newhall, G. A. Perry, C. H. Ranskolt, H. D. Spaulding, William Treien, Howard Wiggin.

Howard Wiggin.

Accompanying the Light Guard as guests of Captain Clark were Major J. H. Whitney, Captain John Beck, Dr. J. H. McQuade, Oliver White, Colonel Asa Law and Dr. Pearl Martin. The uniform consists of a horseman's cap with long plume, a dark blue jacket, white breeches, black topped boots and the usual ac-The company was sixty strong, and were accompanied by the Lawrence Light Guard drum The history of the First Troop Philadelphia corps of twelve men, J. E. Rierdan drum ser city cavalry is an eventful one. Organized in geant. The uniform was that of the state militia, and consisted of dark blue double-breasted 1774, when the first measures were being concoat, light blue trimmings, light blue zouave pants, and light buff leather leggins, regulation black helmet with the number of the regiment on the eagle in front. The drum corps uniform was English scarlet blouse, trimmed with black braid, light blue pants and cadet cap. The company carried a silk guidon with the monogram L. L. G. SKETCH OF THE COMPANY. The Lawrence Light Guard was organized February 12, 1851, and answered the first call for three months' troops, and, with the fifth

at the White House."

at the White House."

at the White House."

Act All BACON, OF THE "BLUES."

CAPTAIN BACON, OF THE "BLUES Massachusetts regiment, was quartered in the to this day, as may be seen from the above out-The guard was accompanied by some of their former members, old army veterans, among

whom were Gen. Samuel C. Lawrence, war colonel of the 5th Massachusetts, and a past commander of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery company of Boston The Alexandria Light Infantry. occurred on the visits of the successive Presi-The Alexandria Light Infantry, company F. 3d regiment, Virginia volunteers, were reprevas threatened, this organization was among sented in the line by the following officers and

Captain.-George A. Mushbach. Lieutenants. - Samuel L. Monroe, Albert Sergeants.—M. P. Vincent, L. Marbury, T. W. Robinson, J. M. Hill, A. Harper.
Corporals.—J. M. Kell, J. D. H. Lunt, R. Lee Tyler, J. D. Stanton Privates.—R. H. Atkinson, W. H. Atkinson, Baldwin, Burroughs, Bayliss, Baker, Coxen, Cook, Cline, Douglas, D. F. Downey, DeVaughn, The Kentish Guards, of Rhode Island. The Kentish Guards, company C, 3d battalion, Rhode Island militia, of East Greenwich, was Deeton, Einstein, Evans, Green, Graham, Goodone of the notable bodies in the procession. The following officers and men were in line, commanded by Col. Will E. Brown, who has been a member of the company for seventeen years:

Officers.—Col. Will E. Brown, Lieut. Col. Arthur W. Howland, Major John Med. Cont. The following officers and men were in line, commanded by Col. Will E. Brown, Lieut. Col. Arthur W. Howland, Major John Med. Cont. Will E. Brown, Lieut. Col. Arthur W. Howland, Major John Med. Cont. Will E. Brown, W. H. Taylor, W. T. Taylor, Wattles, and White Officers.—Col. Will E. Brown, Lieut. Col. Arthur W. Howland, Major John McLeod, Capt. White.

The uniform of this command is the regulation uniform of the Virginia state militia. The coat is single breasted cadet gray basque. The trowsers, staff blue, and the helmet of the style prescribed in the U.S. infantry regulations. Sergeant William Warburton, Orderly Sergeant J. Herbert Lovell, Second Sergeant L. Irving fine record. It was organized July 2, 1878, Potter, Third Sergeant Samuel L. Horton, Color | and in August, 1884, won the prize at Camp Garland, Lynchburg, as the best drilled company in the third regiment, and in November, 884, at Richmond, as the best drilled company in the state.

# MR. DANIEL'S ORATION.

Priates.—Charles W. Branch, Edward Butterworth, Charles E. Bowman, Francis P. Byrne, James E. Child, Chauncy E. Coon, Walter B. Dewy, James A. Darling, Edward Earl, Henry P. Eldridge, Levi N. Fitts, Edgar Holden, Lewis B. Huling, Fred. Hammond, Albert H. Hali, George O. Hopkins, Thomas W. D. Huling, George Mitchell, Harley Metcalf, W. James Mott, Fred. Prefontain, Horace Palmer, Algernon W. Place, Thomas A. Pierce, jr., James Stone, Horace Sisson, George H. Sefton, Edward Stone, Horace Sisson, George H. Sefton, Edward Stone, Worth, Charles E. Bowman, Francis P. Byrne, James at the Capitol.

Hon.J. W. Daniel in his oration this afternoon after referring to the ancestry of Washington and then passed into a graphic and glowing sketch of Washington's life,—a panorama of striking word paintings—"Fascinated by the perfection of the man," he said: "We are loth to break the mirror of admiration into the frag-Stone, Horace Sisson, George H. Sefton, Edward break the mirror of admiration into the frag-ments of analysis. But, lo! as we attempt it, C. Spencer, Leander Sisson, Moses W. Tert, Otho Tarbox, Thomas J. Tilley, John A. Tourjee, every fragment becomes the miniature of such sublimity and beauty, that the destructive hand can only multply the forms of immortal-

The uniform of the company attracted attention. It consisted of a shako, 7th regiment Grand and manifold as were its phases, there pantern, straight visor, yellow pear-shaped is yet no difficulty in understanding the character of Washington. He was no Veiled Prophet. with K.G.; French pattern fatigue cap with droop visor, yellow metal wreath with letters He never acted a part. Simple, natural and un-affected, his life lies before us—a fair and open double-breasted bark blue dress coats, | manuscript. He disdained the arts which wrap ichly trimmed with yellow broadcloth and power and mystery, in order to magnify it. He practiced the profound diplomacy of truthful speech—the consummate tact of direct attengold lace, flat buttons with K.G.-1774. The to the right it shows a clear yellow with gold tion. Looking ever to the All-Wise Disposer of lace., and to the left a clear blue with gold lace. events, he relied on that Providence which helps men, by giving them high hearts and hopes, to help themselves with the means which It is worn both ways. The Kentish guards were granted a charter by the colonial assembly of Rhode Island in the the year 1774, in response to a petition of citizens of East Greentheir Creator has put at their service. There was no infirmity in his conduct over which wich, the object being the preservation of the colony in time of war. Many Revolutionary Charity must fling its veil; no taint of selfishness from which Purity averts her gaze; no officers were members of the company, among dark recess of intrigue that must be lit up with them Major Gen. Nathaniel Greene, at one time colored panegyric; no subterannean passage to a private; Brigadier Gen. James M. Varnum, be trod in trembling lest there be stirred the first commandant of the company; Col. ghost of a buried crime. Christopher Greene, the hero of Red Bank, who defeated the Hessians; Col. Micah Whitemarsh, Col. Archibald Craig, Major Flagg, Major John S. Dexter, Capt. Thomas Arnold, besides a large After paying eloquent tribute to Washington's military genius and lofty qualities as a commander, Mr. Daniel said: "And yet there is a greater theatre in which Washington number of officers of lower rank, making in all appears, although not so often has its curtain thirty-two who entered the patriot army as been uplifted. commissioned officers. During the Revolutionary war they were constantly employed in pro-For it was as a statesman that Washington was greatest. Not in the sense that Hamilton tecting the coast of the state. On the morning and Jefferson, Adams and Madison were after the battle of Lexington, with one hundred statesmen; but in a larger sense. Men may and ten men, rank and file, they were on the marshal armies who cannot drill divisions, march for the scene of action, but after march. Men may marshal nations in storm and travail where they kept up a regular guard for a long time. They erected a fort at the entrance of the so he studied politics when he foresaw his civil harbor, mounting 10 cannon, to prevent the enemy making a landing, and nothing but their examining the principles of ancient and continued efforts prevented the foe from burn- modern confederacies, and making notes of ing the town. Some time after this they took | their virtues, defects and methods of operation. boats and crossed the bay to Bristol (about six miles), and with eighty men, rank and file, drove the enemy, numbering two hundred and rous eloquence had the clear ring of our fifty, into their vessels, when they sailed for mother tongue. I will not say that he was so Newport. They were also in Sullivan's expedition. In 1861 they went to the front, having recruited 103 men, rank and file, and tendered their services to the governor. They were assigned a position in the 2d regiment, R. I. V., as signed a position in the 2d regiment, R. I. V., as company H. During the four years' contest they furnished the following officers: Capts. Bryer S. Brown, Wm. Greene, Thomas Foy, Richard Waterman, Wm. E. Peck, John C. Bev-discrimination of circumstances and men than eridge, Lieuts. Geo. L. Nason, Chas. E. Lee, Jas. any of his cotemporaries. He weighed facts in T. Edwards, Chas. Greene and others to the number of twenty-two. Until the year 1879 (while they were an independent chartered company) they had furnished one company for company for the company of the company for the comp the active militia, when, owing to a change of tasks; with more inspiring virtue he comthe militia laws, they declined further service | manded more implicit confidence. He bore a as active, and are now independent militia, truer divining rod, and through a wilderness of The German Fusiliers, of Charleston, S. C.,

contention he alone was the unerring Pathfinder Mr. Daniel, in closing, said: Encompas by the inviolate seas stands to-day the Amerian Republic which he founded—a free Greater Britain-uplifted above the powers and principalities of the earth, even as his monument is uplifted over roof and dome and spire of the multitudinous city.

Long live the Republic of Washington! Respected by mankind, beloved of all its sons, long may it be the asylum of the poor and oppressed of all lands and religions—long may it Sergeants—I. H. Haris, A. Tamsberg, Jr.

Privates—W. Benedickt, R. A. Heiser, Jacob
Knobeloch, John Mahestedt, J. H. Oetjen, S. W.
Rosenstein, J. H. Steenken, A. B. Schachte, E.
A. Seckendorf, W. Wallace, J. H. Mohens, James
Dunn, W. B. Harris, H. A. H. Mensing, O. G.
Margenhoff, G. W. Robb, W. Ryan, H. Scharfer,
A. Steinmeyer, C. Strohecker, John Webb and
H. C. Mohlus. Drummer—James Johnson.

The uniform of the company was very effect.

Long live the United States of America! Filled with the free magnanimous spirit, crowned by the wisdom, blessed by the moderation, hovered over by the guardian angel of Washington's example; may they be ever worthy in all things to be defended by the blood This company formed one of the notable teatures of the day. The original members fought bravely in the Revolutionary struggle, and since that time the Fusiliers have seen more active service than usually falls to the lot of a militia company. It was organized in 1775 with 100 Germans, residents of Charleston mainly, as members. Almost from the beginning the new company saw active service in and around the city, but in 1779, in response to a call for troops from Gen. Lincoln, of the Continental army, the Fusiliers took the field. In the seige of Savannah, which was undertaken in concert with the French allies, the general assault made by the allied forces was disastrous, and a retreat was ordered. The com-

DRY GOODS. E. G. Davis,

BLACK AND BLACK AND WHITE DRESS OUR BLACK DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT brought to this city. After the evacuation of the city by the British the Fusiliers recognized. Their services were volunteered when the war of 1812 broke out, but were not needed. IS FULL OF BARGAINS. NEW AND ELEGANT LINE OF FRENCH SATINES, FIGURED AND PLAIN. ZEPHYR GINGHAMS, PLAID AND In the Siminole war, in 1836, a company from

NEW WHITE GOODS. Everglades. In 1861, when the first call for troops was made by the confederate government, most of the younger members of the Fu-CHECK MUSLINS, EXTRA VALUE, ONLY 124c., INDIA LINENS, LINEN LAWNS, FRENCH siliers joined the German corps that was formed, and its record upon the fields of Virginia is an honorable and gallant one. Only three of those who left Charleston survived. In ORGANDIES, MASALIA, PERSIAN LAWNS AND MANY OTHER DESIRABLE FABRICS. 1873 a reorganization of the company was effected, officers were elected, and the present uniform adopted. It is rather singular that during its existence of over a century it has had BLACK HOSE. THREAD, AND COTTON HOSE.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN BLACK SILK, LISLE POPULAR GOODS AND POPULAR PRICES.

GOODS.

719 MARKET SPACE.

## WITHOUT REGARD TO COST!

W. M. SHUSTER & SONS, ONE PRICE. [f18] 919 Pennsylvania Avenue. GREAT BARGAINS IN SHIRTS. The COMFORT SHIRT, made of Wamsutta Cotton

and Richardson Linen, Re-enforced, ready for the wash tub, for only 85 cents. Just think! Only 85 cents for the Finest Dress Shirt.

Ask to see the CROWN DIAMOND SHIRT, made of Fruit of the Loom Cotton and Fine Linen, only 50 cents. Regular price 75 cents.
Six Fine Dress Shirts made to order for \$7.50.
Only \$7.50 for Six Fine Dress Shirts made to order.
WINTER UNDERWEAR at 20 per cent less than BALTIMORE BRANCH SHIRT FACTORY, 1002 F st. n.w.

Ar Cost AT Cost Our whole stock of Dry Goods at cost to make room for remaining stock of J. A. LUTTRELL & CO. on March 1. We name a few special bargains: 1,500 pieces Colored Silk Velvet Ribbons, No. 5 25c. a piece; usual price \$1.

60 pieces Furniture Cretons, 15c.; usual price 25c. 100 pairs 11-4 White Blankets, \$3.75; usual price \$5. A full stock Silks, Satins, Cashmeres and Tricots, GEO. J. JOHNSON. 713 Market Space.

LADIES' GOODS.

MME. LAMBELE,

1327 F STREET, Washington, D. C., 30 EAST 21ST STREET, N. Y., Informs the Ladies that from now until March 1st she will sell her entire stock of Dresses and Mantles at

MADAME C. P. MILLER, OF 18 EAST 28TH ST., NEW YORK,

Will open a new Case of BALL DRESSES MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23. 1334 F ST., WASHINGTON. Imported Costumes, Wraps and Dress Garniture, Novelties in Dinner and Ball Dresses, just received.

Orders filled at short notice. MRS. SELMA RUPPERT.

608 9th street, opposite Patent Office,

Opened a large and complete assortment of HAM BURG EDGES and INSERTINGS, ALL-OVER EMBROIDERY, ORIENTAL, TORCHON, ME-DICIS and other TRIMMING LACES

Select and large stock of Ladies' and Children's HO-SIERY, CORSETS, SILK and KIDGLOVES, HAND-KERCHIEFS, RIBBONS, NECK RUCHINGS and CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

MISS A. O'CONNELL, MODISTE, (Late of New York City), Is prepared to make Evening and Reception Dresses Special care given to Inauguration Ball Dresses. Street Suits a specialty 707 G STREET, OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE.

Mrs. M. J. Hunt.

1809 F street northwest, Has just received her importation of GANT DE SUEDE Mosquetaire Gloves. KID GLOVES in long lengths for Evening wear. White Undressed Kid Gloves. Cream and White Sllk Gloves.

NAUGURATION DRESSES.

GEORGE WHITE, Ladies' Tailor and Habit Maker, 730 17th st. n.w. Special attention given to Evening, Dinner, Reception Dresses, etc. Great care is taken on Inauguration Dresses. New cloth for Spring Costumes. f4-1m\*

MADAME EMMA SOULE, of 305 Fifth Avenue, New York,

Is located for the season at 1335 F STREET NORTHWEST, With Imported Ball and Evening Dresses; also ja8-2m Street Costumes and Wraps.

MME. J. P. PALMER.

No. 1107 F street northwest, Will offer this week her entire stock of IMPORTED BONNETS AND HATS, and those of her own design, at from 25 to 3313 per cent less than former prices, in order to close them out.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDERS.

MME. VON BRANDIS, MODISTE, Formerly with Lord & Taylor, New York; Wm. Barr & Co., St. Louis, Mo. Suits made at the shortest notice. Superior fitting, reasonable prices and satisfaction guaranteed. Evening Dresses. Bridal Trousseaus a specialty. ja28-1m\* 967 Pennsylvania ave. (over M. Willian's).

ANTON LISHER'S Chemical Dry Cleaning Establishment,
No. 906 G Street Northwest,
THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments: also, Velvet and
Plush Cloaks, Crape Vells, Laces, Gloves, etc., are
perfectly cleaned by this superior process.
LADIES' EVENING DRESSES A SPECIALTY.
Continuous clathes cleaned by this process will not Gentlemen's clothes cleaned by this process will not

lose their original shape; and grease spots guaranteed to be removed effectually. Price \$1.50 and \$1.75 per D O U G L A S S'
ANNUAL SALE OF LADIES'
COTTON UNDERWEAR,
EVERY GARMENT OUR OWN MAKE.
EVERY GARMENT FULL LENGTH, FULL

EVERY GARMENT FULL LENGTH, FULL WIDTH.

PERFECT SHAPE, MADE IN THE VERY BEST MANNER, OF THE BEST MATERIAL.

CHEMISE, 25c. to \$5.00.

NIGHT DRESSES, 50c. to \$5.00.

SKIRTS, 39c. to \$7.00.

DRAWERS, 25c. to \$2.00.

CORSET COVERS, 25c. to \$3.50.

The finest assortment of Hamburgs we have yet shown.

DOUGLASS', 522-524-526 9th st. MISS ANNIE K. HUMPHERY. 430 TENTH STREET NORTHWEST,

and guarantees perfect fit and comfort.

HER SPECIALTIES ARE—

French Hand-made Underclothing, Merino Underwear and finest imported Hosiery.

Patent Shoulder Braces, and all Dress Reform Goods.

['Children's Corsets and a \$1 Corset (Miss H.'s own make) that for the reign is represented. make) that for the price is unsurpassed.

N. B.—French, German and Spanish spoken. mr14 T ROCHON, CORCORAN BUILDING.

Three Patents and Five Medals from Expositions of Paris, Lyons and Vienna.

Manufacturer and importer of
HUMAN HAIR AND FINE HAIR WORK. Ladies' fine Hair Cutting and Hair Dressing. Hair dyed and shampooed in a first-class manner. Wigs to order.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Jackson B. Swett et al. vs. Edward N. McCormick et al.—No. 9270 Equity Doc. 24.

This cause being referred to me to state the account of George McCarthy as assignee of E. N. McCormick & Co., and to show the assets which have been, or should be, received by him under the said deed of assignment, and to state the debts of the said assignors, and the proper distribution of the funds in the hands of the said assignee, notice is hereby given that I will proceed under the said reference on SATURDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH of FEBRUARY, 1885, at ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M., at my office, and all persons interested are notified to file with me their claims, with their vouchers, on or before the said date. 119-th, s, tu, th4t

JAS. G. PAYNE, Auditor.

VIENNA OPTICIAN Co.,

1304 F STREET NORTHWEST.

AUCTION SALES. WALTER B. WILLIAMS & CO., Aucts.

TAUNTON SILVER PLATE CO.'S FACTORY DE-PROMPT ADJUSTMENT OF THE INSURANCE

COMPANIES

We have now positive orders to sell at auction the balance of Silver Plated Ware, Bronzes, Mantle Clocks and Table Cutlery saved from their late fire, to settle e accounts and re-build the factory \$150,000 worth of this company's Triple Silver Plated Ware has been sold in this city in the last ten years, thus proving that goods found strictly as repre-sented will always be appreciated.

We shall commence to sell the above stock at our salesroom, 10th street and Pennsylvania avenue MONDAY, FEBRUARY TWENTY THIRD, 1885 at HALF-PAST TEN A. M. and HALF-PAST TWO and HALF-PAST SEVEN P. M. and continue each

We give our personal guarantee that the goods will be found as represented, triple and quadruple plate and bearing trade-mark Taunton Silver Plate Co. The salesroom has been fitted up for the display of these elegant goods. Well heated for the comfort of visitors. Chairs will be furnished the ladies, who are

CORNER STH AND MARKET SPACE. Out-town purchasers can have goods carefully f20-10t WALTER B. WILLIAMS & CO., Aucts. THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer.

W. M. SHUSTER & SONS.

JERSEY COATS.

NEWMARKETS.
SILK MATTELASSE NEWMARKETS.
CLOTH COATS, SILK AND VELVET VISITES
AT HALF PRICE.

JERSEY COATS REDUCED FROM \$12 TO \$7.
COLORED VELVET VISITES REDUCED FROM \$65 TO \$25.

WE HAVE MARKED DOWN THESE GOODS OVER FIFTY PER CENT, AND THEY ARE NOW MOVING OFF.

WE HAVE A LOT OF LIGHT COLORED ULSTERS, FORMER PRICE \$18. WE HAVE REDUCED THEM TO \$3.50.

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WE HAVE A LOT OF LIGHT COLORED ULSTE SALE OF FISH WHARF PRIVILEGES.

By order of the Board of Commissioners, D. C.
G. J. LYDECKER,
Major of Engineers, U. S. A.
Engineer Commissioner D. C. PHOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF IMPROVED PROPERTY ON WATER, BETWEEN CONGRESS AND HIGH STREETS, GEORGETOWN, D. C. By virtue of a deed of trust bearing date 9th day of June, A. D., 1879, and recorded in Liber No. 912, folio 332, one of the land records for the District of Columbia, and by direction of the parties secured thereby, I shall sell, at public auction, in front of the premises, on FRIDAY, TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1885, at HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P. M., all that piece or parcel of ground lying in the District aforesaid, and known as lot numbered sixty-seven (67), in Peter's source. as lot numbered sixty-seven (67), in Peter's square Georgetown, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the north side of Water street, between Congress and High streets, and extending up that width in paralle

High streets, and extending up that width in parallel lines drawn northwardly at right angles with said Water street one hundred and twenty (120) feet, improved by a frame blacksmith shop.

Terms: One-third cash: balance in six and twelve months, with interest, and secured by deed of trust on the property sold. S50 required at time of sale.

W. D. CASSIN, f16-dts MAYHEW PLATER, Trustees. PHOS. J. FISHER & CO., Real Estate Auctioneers

TRUSTEES' SALE OF A NUMBER OF SMALL BRICK HOUSES AND LOTS FRONTING RE SPECTIVELY ON K STREET AND NEW JER SEY AVENUE NORTHWEST. On TUESDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY
TWENTY-FOURTH, A.D. 1885, at F O U R
O'CLOCK, in front of the premises, by virtue of a
deed of trust, dated December 27th, A.D. 1880, and
duly recorded in Liber No. 954, folio 409, et seq., of
the land records of the District of Columbia, we shall
sell at public auction all of Lot lettered "C," of Bris
coe and others recorded subdivision of original Lot
one (1,) in square five hundred and fifty-eight (558.)
Also all of Lots eleven (1).

Also, all of Lots eleven (11), twelve (12), fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), of S. A. and J. S. Boss' subdivision of Lot "D," of said Briscoe and others subdivision of original Lot one (1), of said square five hundred and fifty-eight (558), together with the improvement thereon, consisting of a number of small Brick ost price, previous to her return to New York.f21-6t\* Terms: One-third cash; balance in one (1) and two (2) years with interest, and secured by deed of trust upon the property sold, or all cash, at option of purchaser. A deposit of ten per cent of the purchase money will be required at time of sale. All conveyancing at purchaser's cost. If terms of sale are not complied with within five (5) days from day of sale the Trustees reserve the right to resell the property upon five days' advertisement in the "Evening Starnewspaper, at risk and cost of defaulting purchaser.

EVERETT J. DALLAS, Trustees.

PHOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEES SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IM.
PROVED AND CENTRALLY SITUATEL
REAL ESTATE, CONSISTING OF TWO BRICK
STORES AND DWELLINGS, SITUATE NOS
732 AND 734 SEVENTH STREET, BETWEEN
G AND H STREETS NORTHWEST.
By virtue of a deed of trust, dated June 5th, A.
D., 1879, and duly recorded in liber No. 909, at
folio 473, of the land records of the District of
Columbia, and by direction of the party secured thereby,
we will sell, at public auction, in front of the premises, on
THURSDAY, the TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF FER
RUARY, A. D., 1885, at HALE-PAST FOUR
O'CLOCK P. M., the following described Real Estate,
situate in the city of Washington, in the District
aforesaid, known and distinguished as, and being party
of original lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10), in
square numbered four hundred and twenty-nine (429)
beginning for the same at the southeast corner of said
lot ten, on the line of 7th street west, and running
thence north along said 7th street west, and running
thence west ninety-five (95) feet to an alley; thence
south along said alley forty (40) feet; thence east
ninety-five (95) feet to the point of beginning.

Terms: One-third cash; balance in three equal instalments in six, tweive and eighteen months, with
interest thereon at six per cent per annum, secured
by deed of trust on the premises sold, or all cash, at interest thereon at six per cent per annum, secured by deed of trust on the premises sold, or all cash, at option of purchaser. \$300 required upon each house at time of sale. Conveyancing, recording, &c., at purchaser's cost. Terms to be complied with within

seven days, or property will be re-sold at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser after five days' advertisement in "The Evening Stat."

FERDINAND SCHMIDT,
Trustees. For Other Auctions See 8th Page.

PROPOSALS.

U. S. NAVY PAY OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., February 7, 1885. Sealed Proposals in duplicate ("from regular dealers or manufacturers only"), indorsed "Proposals Steam Engineering," will be received at this office UNTIL NOON, MARCH TENTH, 1865, for articles required, as follows, to be delivered at the Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., free of any expense to the Government and subject to the usual inspection and BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

Requisition No. 32, Bolts and Nuts; No. 33, Acids Requisition No. 32, Bolts and Nuts; No. 33, Acids, Alcohol, Brushes, &c.; No. 34, Files; No. 35, Nails, Screws and Tacks; No. 36. Lace, Leather and Belting; No. 37, Steel and Rivets; No. 38, Copper, Pig Iron; No. 39, Lumber: No. 40, Steam Pipe and Fittings; No. 41, Pumps, Gauge Cocks, &c.; No. 42, Miscellaneous. To be awarded by requisitions, excepting the items in No. 38 and 42, which will be awarded separately. Schedules and blank forms for bids to be had at this office, and all necessary information at Navy Yard. Responsible security required on bids for fauthful performance. The competency of the guarantors to be certified to before a notary or othe public officer. The right is reserved to reject any all bids and to waive defects. all bids and to waive defect

. THOS. H. LOOKER, Pay Director U. S. N., Navy Pay Agent. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. TO

Tickets only \$5. Shares in proportion LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY "We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrange ments for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signature attached, in its advertisements."

Incorporated in 1868 for twenty-five years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the reserve the control of the made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State. Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FOR-TUNE. THIRD GRAND DRAWING, CLASS G IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 1885-178th Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths, in proportion. LIST OF PRIZES. Makes Corsets to order in every style and material CAPITAL PRIZE PRIZES OF \$6000 APPROXIMATION PRIZES. 1967 Prizes, amounting to.

SPECIAL TOURIST TICKETS for INDIVIDUAL TRAVELERS at REDUCED RATES, by the beauty cook's EXCURSIONIST, with maps, contains full particulars; by mail for ten cents.

\$265,500 Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (all sums of \$5 and upwards at our expense) addressed M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, I.a. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Rep-

stered Letters to
NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
fil-wds7t
New Orleans, COOK'S EXCURSION PARTIES sail from New York in April, May, June and July by First-cla